

L'illusion Crépusculaire

for piano and percussion

by Madeline Barrett

PERFORMANCE NOTES

Piano Preparation: Place a piece of mounting tac onto the strings of the following notes: Db2 - C3, F3 - F4, G4, Bb4, Ab5, Eb6. The amount of tac placed on strings from Db2 -Bb4 should be proportional to the size of the string. This will be slightly different for every piano so the performer should test the preparation prior to the performance. The notes muted from Db2 - Bb4 should retain their pitch quality. Ab5 and Eb6 should not.

Percussion Notes: The percussion part requires splash cymbal and kick drum in addition to marimba. The entire piece should be played with soft mallets.

Overall Performance Notes: Illusion introduces two themes, one in the key of C minor and the other in the key of C major, at the beginning of the piece. These themes then intertwine with each other as the melody changes between each theme and the harmony changes between the two key centers. The themes spiral towards the end of the piece where they are no longer recognizable as individual themes. Performers should focus on the interaction between the two parts and the relationship between the two themes.

Score

L'ILLUSION CRÉPUSCULAIRE

Madeline Barrett

d = 100
soft mallets

Marimba: *pp*

Percussion:

Piano:

Mrb. (Measures 8-10):

Pno. (Measures 8-10): *p*, *u.c.*, *Rea.*, *

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A

Mrb.

Pno.

19

Reo. * *Reo.* * *Reo.* * *Reo.* *

B

Mrb.

Pno.

27

Reo. * *Reo.* * *Reo.* *

36

Mrb.

Perc.

36

Pno.

46

Mrb.

subito p

C

Perc.

46

Pno.

D

mf

I

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Mrb.

Perc.

Pno.

55

56

Réo. *

Réo. *

Mrb.

Perc.

Pno.

66

E *cantabile*

f

t.c.

67

78

Mrb.

Perc.

78

Pno.

86

Mrb.

Perc.

86

Pno.

Mrb. {

Perc.

Pno. {

Mrb. {

Perc.

Pno. {

G

108

108

108

117

Mrb.

Perc.

117

Pno.

124

Mrb.

Perc.

124

Pno.

H

Mrb.

Perc.

Pno.

135

136

Réo. *

Réo. *

This block contains two staves. The top staff is for the Marimba (Mrb.) and the bottom for the Piano (Pno.). Measure 135 starts with a 3/4 time signature, followed by a 3/8 section. Measure 136 begins with a 3/4 time signature. The piano part features eighth-note chords and sixteenth-note patterns. Measure 136 concludes with a 3/4 time signature.

I

con moto

Mrb.

Perc.

Pno.

148

fp

mf

f

sforz.

Réo. *

This block contains three staves. The top staff is for the Marimba (Mrb.), the middle for the Percussion (Perc.), and the bottom for the Piano (Pno.). Measure 148 starts with a 3/4 time signature, followed by a 3/4 section. Measure 149 begins with a 3/4 time signature. The marimba and piano parts feature eighth-note chords and sixteenth-note patterns. The piano part includes dynamic markings *fp*, *mf*, and *f*. The percussion part remains silent throughout. Measure 149 concludes with a 3/4 time signature.

Musical score for Mrb. and Pno. showing measures 160-161. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is for Mrb. (Muted Bass) and the bottom staff is for Pno. (Piano). The music is in 3/4 time throughout. Measure 160 starts with a eighth note followed by sixteenth-note patterns. Measure 161 begins with a eighth note followed by sixteenth-note patterns, with dynamic markings like *Leo.*, *, and *Leo.* at the beginning of the measure. The piano part features sustained notes and sixteenth-note chords.

Musical score for Marimba (Mrb.) and Piano (Pno.) on page 167. The Marimba part starts with a dynamic *f*, followed by a crescendo. The Piano part begins with a dynamic *mf*, followed by a crescendo. Both parts feature eighth-note patterns and sixteenth-note figures. Measure numbers 167 and 3 are indicated at the top right.

Musical score for three instruments: Marimba (Mrb.), Percussion (Perc.), and Piano (Pno.) at measure 177.

Mrb. (Marimba): The part starts with a dynamic ***fp***. It consists of two staves: the top staff has single notes and the bottom staff has eighth-note patterns. A crescendo line starts from the eighth-note pattern in the bottom staff and rises to a sixteenth-note pattern in the top staff.

Perc. (Percussion): The part consists of two staves. The top staff has a single note followed by three rests. The bottom staff has a single note followed by a rest, then a dynamic ***v:*** and a forte dynamic ***ff***.

Pno. (Piano): The part starts with a dynamic ***sffz***. It consists of two staves. The top staff has single notes and the bottom staff has eighth-note patterns. The piano part ends with a dynamic ***fff***.